NEW YORK HERALD suit for limited divorce by against Dr. Ludgar C. Vincent.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT.

PROPRIETOR.

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Situations, three lines.
Marriages and deaths, one insertion.
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offices in New York and at the foreign branches.

THE HERALD READING ROUMS.

The Herain calls attention to the fact that Messrs, Eduard Sauchach & Co., the general agents of the paper in Germany, have opened the following Herain Beaching Risons in the principal cities in Germany. Each of these Reading hooms is supplied with the leading American, English and German newspapers:—

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50TH YEAR......NO. 42

AMUSEMENTS TO-DAY AND EVENING.

STAR THEATRE-MR. POTTER OF TEXAS, S P. M. BROADWAY THEATRE—GUIDO FERRANTI, 8 P. M. UNION SQUARE THEATRE—COUNTY FAIR, 8:15 P. M. COLUMBUS THEATRE-THE PARIS, 8:15 P. M. MADISON SQUARE THEATRE—SUNLIGHT AND SHADOW and ASTER TROUGHTS, 8:50) P. M.

DALY'S THEATRE-THE SCHOOL FOR SCAPDAL, 2 P. M.; GRAND OPERA HOUSE-AUNT BRIDGET, 2 P. M.; 8 P. M. HARRIGAN'S THEATRE-RELLY AND THE 420, 2 P. M. 1 NIBLO'S-THE TWO ORPHANS, 2 P. M.; 8 P. M.

ACADEMY-THE OLD HOMESTRAD, 2 P. M.; 8 P. M. HERRHANN'S THEATRE-HERRHANN, 2 P. M.; 8:15 PROPLE'S THEATRE-A MILE & MINUTE, S.P. M.

HARLEM OPERA HOUSE-PHINCE AND PAUPER, 8:15 CASINO-POOR JONATHAN, 8:15 P. M. LYCEUM THEATRE-THE OPER GATE and NERVES, 8:15

STANDARD THEATRE-THE DAZELER, 8:15 P. M. AMBERG'S THEATRE-THE URUCIPIX CARVER OF AMBERGAC, S. F. M.
PALMER'S THEATRE-JOHN NERDHAM'S DOUBLE, S:15 TONY PASTOR'S-VARIETY, S P. M.

GARDEN THEATRE-LA TOSCA, S P. M. NEW PARK THEATRE-A STUMBER TIP, 8:15 P. M. PROCTOR'S THEATRE-MEN AND WOMEN, 2 P. M.; 8:15 FOURTEENTH STREET THEATRE-BLUE JEANS, 2 P. M.; 8:15 P. M.

BIJOU THEATRE-THE NOMINES, 2 P. M.; 8:15 P. M. KOSTER & BIAL'S-CARMENUITA, 2 P. M.; 8 P. M. EDEN MUSEE-OTERO, 8 P. M. ACADEMY OF DESIGN-ARREGEN WATER COLOR SO CERT'S ANNUAL EXHIBITION.

MADISON SQUARE GARDAN-POULTRY Show. HUBER'S PALACE MUSICUM-Hearly performances. WORTH'S MUSEUM- Hourly performances. METROPOLITAN ART GALLERY-THE SLAVE MARE.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1891. TRIPLE SHEET WITH SUPPLEMENT.

This paper has the largest circulation in the United States.

Notice is hereby given to the public that no person is authorized to solicit advertisements or subscriptions for this paper and that it employs

HIGH WATER MARK. Circulation....190.500



Cable messages for all parts of Europe direct received at the company's branch office in the HERALD Building, corner of Broadway and

To Oun Readers, -The HEBALD to-day consists of a twelve page paper, with supplement, making fourtaen pages in all. Our renders should see that their newsdealers deliver them the entire paper.

The weather to-day in New York and its vicinity (including points within thirty miles of the city) promises to be generally colder and clear To-morrow it promises to be warmer and from fair to partly cloudy, followed by increasing cloudiness and by rain or snow in the night.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

By Commercial Cable the HEBALD has received from Pau a statement regarding the identification of Robert Ray Hamilton's watch.

M. Mace, a private banker in Paris, has absconded, owing his clients 20,000,000r. Stocks were less active and closed on a slight not

Mme. Augusta Berg died at the Metropolitan Hotel of morphine poisoning, though extraordinare efforts were made to save her life. Deacon Tice, on trial before a church committee

at Keyport, N. J., charged with unbecoming con-

duct, was acquitted. The American Trust Company has been notified by the State Banking Department that it must stop business or take out a license.

Two bills for the incorporation of companies to build two new bridges over the East River were introduced in the Senate at Albany. Governor Hill has not relinquished his intention

of nominating James F. Pierce for Superintendent of Insurance, and the nomination when made will probably be confirmed.

It is planned by the republican House of the Connecticut Legislature to force a final adjournm at to-morrow.

it is alleged that both parties in Canada have raised big funds to influence the selection of a new Parliament. The Barrundia case was debated in the House,

Mr. Daizell presenting the side of Commander Reiter and Mr. Lodge that of Secretary Tracy.

Mardi Gras was celebrated with the usual pageants in New Orieans and other Southern cities.

NEVER PRINT a paid advertisement as news matter. Let every advertisement appear as an advertisement-no sailing under false colors .- Charles A. Dana's Address to the Wisconsin Euitorial Association, Milwaukee, July 24, 1888.

A STORY Is TOLD of an advertiser who presented himself at the New York Herald counter with a three thousand dollar roll as an offer for a half column advertisement with a good sized cut accompanying it. The "ad," was refused without even consulting Mr. Howland. There is a standing rule in the Hebald office to never insert advertising euts. - Exchange.

THE EXPENDITURES FOR PENSIONS for the year ending June 30, as now officially stated, amounted to \$109,357,534. In the previous year we paid \$87,644,779 11, while in the year before that we paid \$80,288,508 77. The cost of the German army, it may be interesting to note, is for this year estimated at \$91,726,293. Besides our pensions our army costs \$30,000,000.

The Three Mile Limit,

The Attorney General when resisting, in accordance with Secretary Blaine's instructions, the reception of the Sayward petition by the Supreme Court contended stoutly that "the action of a political department of the government on a question of national jurisdiction or boundary cannot be questioned by the judiciary, and that such a rule applies even in the matter of the settlement of private rights."

Did the Secretary of State or the Attorney General think of their attitude when the Court had received the petition and had asked for arguments on the merits of the case? The owner of the Sayward will naturally instruct those who represent him at the bar of the Court on the final hearing to ask for an application of that Blaine-Miller contention to the area of the territorial dominion and jurisdiction of the United States in and over the waters adjacent to Alaska and its islands. Are those wiseacres ready for that?

If there is a proposition of law to which, more distinctly than to any other, the political department of our government has committed itself by the declarations of Secretaries of State from Jefferson to Blaine, it is the one that municipal seizures of foreign vessels cannot be made for any purpose, excepting in a case of piracy, beyond territorial waters, and that the limit of those waters is-unless there be a treaty stipulating the contrary-only three miles, or the cannon shot. If the controversy be with England, there must be such a treaty with her. The latest exposition of what the State De-WINDSOR THEATRE-GREEN' CREATE Door, 2 P. M.; 8 partment has uniformly asserted is in a fail to secure that very important essential, note by Secretary Bayard to Secretary Manning of May 28, 1886. It can be read in Dr. Wharton's "International Law Digest." That note has his earmarks. How will the Attorney General save himself and his case from a hoisting by his own petard? It is really unsafe to trust some persons with a gun!

Toward Spain it has been that the executive department of our federal government has shown itself persistent and relentless in the enforcement of the rule that Spain shall not, outside of the three mile zone around the island of Cuba, touch a vessel rightfully wearing at her masthead the starry flag of our Union.

There is just now emerging into publicity from the precincts of European embassies a good deal of tittle-tattle concerning concerted arrangements between Madrid and Berlin that, in case of an insurrection in Cuba now in preparation, Germany will guard the island against assistance for the insurgents coming from the United States, and at the proper time Spain will cede the island to Germany. If this gossip shall turn ont to be well founded will Mr. Blaine yield to Spain and Germany jurisdiction on the open sea as wide as he claims for ourselves in Behring Sea against England? Spain has property rights in Cuba as we have property rights in the Pribyloff Islands. Spain has sought heretofore to protect her people in Caba from war and slaughter by filibusters coming from our shores, but neither Webster, Buchanan, Marcy, Seward, Fish nor Evarts would permit the vessel conveying the armed men to be touched by Spanish cruisers one inch outside the three mile zone. How will Secretary Blaine and Attorney General Miller deal with those precedents when the owner of the Sayward presents them to the Supreme Court next April?

As poison in the blood permeates arteries, veins, nerves, brain and heart and speedily brings paralysis or death, so does a debased or fluctuating currency permeate all the arteries of trade, paralyze all kinds of business and bring disaster to all classes of people. It is as impossible for commerce to flourish with such an instrument as it is for the human body to grow strong and vigorous with a deadly poison lurking in the blood.—Scorclary Windows Last Words,

The Barrandia Case Again.

The lively debate in the House yesterday on the Barrundia case shows that the international law involved in this matter is by no means beyond dispute.

In an able argument-which, by the way, is likely to give its author no mean reputation as a forcible and eloquent speaker-Representative Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, contended that the United States authorities Etocks were less active and closed on a slight net decline for most issues. Rallway bonds were in brisk demand.

Some curious developments were brought out by Judge Pryor, of the Court of Common Pleas, in a retary Tracy's public censure of Commander fident that he will be ready to do so when he also expected to be present.

Abram S. Hewitt.

Among the speakers will be ex-Secretary Charles S. Fatchild, William L. Trenhoim, and Professor J. Lawrence draw his tariff amendment, and we are confident that he will be ready to do so when he

unjustified and without legal warrant. Representative Lodge, on the other hand, maintained that political fugitives under our flag are entitled even in foreign waters to the same asylum accorded to them on our soil, and he illustrated his contention by saying that England would have had no right under international law to take Dillon and O'Brien from the deck of an American

steamer in a British port. This difference of opinion raises an interesting question which has never been authoritatively decided in a case just like Barrundia's. And there is little prospect of its being authoritatively settled soon. Mr. Blaine and Secretary Tracy have acted on the view defended by Mr. Lodge, and much can be said in support of it. But if occasion arises the next administration may adopt or disavow it.

Will It Pay You, Governor Hill? Unless Governor Hill is politically blind he cannot fail to see by the burst of popular indignation which his scheme has called forth that the appointment of Pierce to Maxwell's place would be a blunder that could

Unless reckless and utterly indifferent to every consideration of decency he could not fail to heed the public sentiment that has been so unanimously and emphatically voiced.

not prove otherwise than disastrous to him.

Look at the situation.

The head of the Insurance Department is a position of exceptional importance and responsibility. It is a public trust which, perhaps more than any other in the State, calls for a man of the most fearless independence and the strictest integrity.

Such a man in this position will see that honest insurance companies are protected, that swindling concerns are exposed and that the interests of the people are guarded. On the other hand, an unscrupulous politician will find it easy to levy blackmail to an unlimited extent, and thus work the place for party revenue.

Why does Governor Hill want to remove

The public interests do not demand the removal. The insurance companies protest against it. The people denounce it. This is because Maxwell has administered the office honestly and efficiently.

Why does Governor Hill want to put into the place a politician without any recognized qualification for its duties and with a record which has called forth a general protest against his appointment?

That question has received but one answer and admits of but one. With a subservient creature of his own in it the Governor would find this a fertile field of political funds. It is possible that a scheme so brazen and

hardly possible that its success can prove beneficial to its author or promoters. This sudden retirement of \$600,000,000 of gold, with the accompanying panic, would cause contraction and commercial disaster unparalleled in human experience; and our country would at once step down to the silver basis, when there would be no longer any inducement for coinage, and silver dollars would sink to their builton value.—Secretary Windom's Last Words.

iniquitous may be carried through. It is

Builders and Bankruptey.

The petition to Congress and resolutions in favor of a national law of bankruptey presented to the Builders' Convention yesterday simply voice the business sentiment of the country on this important subject.

It is a curious fact that the United States is the only great commercial nation in the world without a general uniform system of bankruptcy. True, each State has its insolvent laws, but these are the source of more uniformity, but many of them open the door to unjust preferences and frauds which have long been a grievance of honest business men everywhere.

The United States has had no general statute on this subject since 1878, when the act of 1867 was repealed. That act was repealed not because of any objections to a national law of bankruptey, but because it was so loosely drawn that the most flagrant abuses flourished under it. Since its repeal there has been a steady demand from the commercial world for the enactment of a law that would secure the rights and further the interests of both creditors and honest debtors without permitting the abuses that existed under the old statute.

It is generally believed that such a law is embodied in the Torrey bill, which has passed the House and now awaits the action of the Senate. This has been carefully drawn and thoroughly considered by leading business men and representative trade organizations throughout the country. It has been widely approved and may be accepted as the best code of bankruptcy law yet devised. Its enactment by the Senate and approval by the President would be hailed in mercantile circles.

WE SUPPOSE that McKinley got up his little bill for the purpose of checking imports.

But here comes Blaine with a reciprocity treaty which will enable Brazil to increase imports. Which of these statesmen is the humorist?

could land its silver cargo at New York the last gold dollar within reach would be safely hidden away in private boxes and in the vaults of safe de-posit companies, to be brought out only by a figh bremium for exportation.—Secretary Windom's Last

The Copyright Bill.

While it is feared and predicted that the bill in the Senate will work the defeat of the measure there is no good reason why such should be the result.

There was little or no opposition to this amendment on its merits in the Senate. It seems to have been pretty generally conceded that the lithographers asked no more than had already been accorded to printers and publishers. The controlling objection was that any change in the bill would jeopardize its success.

The issue thus raised is a simple one, which may readily be settled by a joint conference committee. It is to be hoped, therefore, that the bill will be promptly taken up again and referred to such com-

sult for limited divorce by Mrs. Emily Vincent | Reiter for failing to protect the refugee was | sees that its effect can only be-what he evidently does not intend-to undermine the entire system of copyright granted by

> It is not too late to secure international copyright if the Senate will act wisely.

> Genesis of Great "Cold Waves." In a communication printed in our European edition of the 28th ult. M. Camille Flammarion, the French astronomer and meteorologist, fully indorses the Herald's editorial of January 3 on the genesis of the great "cold waves." We give to-day in

> another column the result of his researches. After an elaborate study of the recent wintry spells in Europe he reaches the conclusions which the HERALD had previously expressed that the immediate cause of the intense Continental cold was not "the merciless north wind," but atmospheric conditions which admit of the earth's rapid radiation of its heat into space. The zero temperatures observed in France were not trausported thither from Russia and Siberia, "Precisely at the dates of the severest colds" (in France), says M. Flammarion, "the cold does not increase in the region from which the wind comes, but, on the contrary, is less strong in Russia than in France," adding, "It is, then, not the north wind which brings us the cold."

These important researches underlie every real advance in meteorological science and weather prediction. The usual empirical way of treating a cyclone or an anti-cyclone as an isolated phenomenon roaming at will over the globe, and each responsible for a certain class of disastrous disturbances, confounds them with a grand phenomenon, which includes them both. When a cyclone appears we are commonly told by weather prophets that its indraught will give rise to a "cold wave," whereas "cold wave" and cyclone, as the HEBALD demonstrated on the 29th ult., are both but incidents of an exceptional movement of the great upper atmospheric current, emanating from the Equatorial belt.

It science is ever to make any great advance in predicting the abnormally cold winters, like that from which Europe is now slowly emerging, it must devise means for observing the storm-bearing currents of the upper atmosphere in the tropical and sub-tropical zones. A few captive balloons, supplied with self-registering instruments, might serve the purpose. The Blue Mountains of Jamaica, rising to heights of eight thousand feet and upward; some peaks of the equatorial Andes, the Mexican Cordilleras, the Sierra Nevada of Southern Spain and of California, and also Mitchell's Peak in North Carolina would afford good points for observing and gauging the varying pulsations of the atmospheric ocean, upon which depend the cold and heat, drought and rain, storm and sunshine of the northern continents.

Wine at Balls.

Whether wine may be served at balls after one o'clock is a live question before the Legislature at Albany. As to the expediency of amending the ex-

isting law so as to make it more liberal, more in accord with the sentiment of the community, there should be no dispute. Last year, it will be remembered, the Po-

lice Commissioners created a commotion by

suddenly promulgating an edict that no wine should be served at the New Year's ball after one, though this was not a public but a private affair. When the HERALD showed that this action was without legal warrant the order was

promptly rescinded. But the Commissioners insisted on the right to enforce their view of abuses than advantages. Not only do they the law in the case of public entertainments-such society events as the Charity Ball and such representative German affairs as the Liederkranz and Arion balls, Two years before a similar crusade had

been made against hotel dining rooms, barquet halls and restaurants-an attempt to prohibit serving wine with meals in these places after one at night and during all hours on Sunday. And this action, as the courts subsequently declared, was not warranted by law. A statute which permits such mischievous

interference with personal rights and established usages is in need of amendment.

New York is not only a metropolitan but a cosmopolitan centre. The people naturally resent any Puritanieal restrictions on their social life.

They neither ask for nor want unlicensed liberty.

The law should not permit necturnal entertainments to be turned into orgies. Nor, on the other hand, should it tolerate police interference with recognized customs at the dinner table of banquets or the supper table of respectable balls.

The line can be easily drawn so as to permit the harmless and prohibit the lawless. That should be the aim of the proposed legislation at Albany.

IVINS IS BACK AGAIN.

William M. Ivins, chief probe sticker of the Fassett Committee, returned from Europe yesterday, ster nearly a month's absence. He has brought back with him good health, but not much informa-"My trip to the other side," he said, "was simply to attend to private business, so there is nothing to

be said about it.

"And I can't say anything about the Fassett Committee, because I don't know what it has done while I have been away, and I havon't yet had time to post myself. I don't know, therefore, when it will resume operations again or what it will be-

SALE OF THE ISAACS COLLECTION.

The sale of the Monteflore Isaacs collection of furniture, rare porcelain and silverware was begun lithographers' amendment to the Copyright at the Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms yesterday afterat the Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms yesterday after moon. A large number of people were present, but the sale was not brisk.

Two hundred lots, mostly consisting of old and rare porcelains, were put up, a number of which did not self. A pair of Empire vases, with raised gold decoration on groon ground, brought the highest price of the day, \$55.

The other principal sales were a pair of knights in steel armor, \$90; a satinwood and manegany side table, \$86.50; ave Dresden figures, representing the five senses, \$80; a pair of Worcester jurs, \$02; a pair of old Dresden wall candelabra, \$67, and a Capo di Monte Hagon, \$52.50.

TO OPPOSE THE SILVER BILL.

A mass meeting of citizens, called by the Reform Club to oppose the Silver bill, will be held at Cooper Union at eight o'clock to-night. Among the names signed to the call are those of E. Ellery Anderson, president of the Reform Club; Carl Schurz, Eugene Relly, Droxel, Morgan & Co., Cornelius N. Bliss, Oswaid Ottondorfer, August Belmont and Abram S. Hewitt.

A DAY OF RECEPTIONS AND WEDDINGS

Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry and Her Daughters Turn Two Houses Into One to Receive Their Many Friends.

STATEN ISLAND ALIVE WITH WEDDING GUESTS

The Marriage of Miss Wiman to Mr. Cram a Brilliant Social Event Down the Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry gave a delightful cotillon last evening for their daughters, Miss Angelica and Miss Mabel Gerry. The Livingston house, which is next door, was thrown into one with the beautiful home of the

Gerrys, making plenty of room for the three hun-The parlors were untrimmed, except the corner, which was screened with palms and tall plants for

Lander's orchestra. Mrs. Gerry received in a beautiful gown of violet velvet, trimmed around the low out corsage with ostrich tips. She wore a beautiful diamond tiara in her hair, and a number of diamonds across the

front of her gown. Miss Angelica Gerry wore a French gown of white satin, covered with white chiffon, and looped at the

shoulders with gold butterfiles. Miss Mabel Gerry, who led the cotillon with Harry Le Grand Cannon, wore a dainty débutante gown of white tulle, trimmed with white valley

The favors were estrich feather fans, bunches of violets which will sorve as pen wipers, silver

The favors were estrich feather fans, bunches of violets which will sorve as pen wipers, silver beaded canes, hammered silver match boxes, pink silk parasols, sachets and bonbonnières.

Supper was served in the Livingston parlors by Pinard.

Some of the guests were Mr. and Mrs. William C. Whitney, Mrs. Paran Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Geelet, Mr. and Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Kountze, Mr. and Mrs. Edgerton Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Havemeyer, Mr. and Mrs. Fernando Yanaga, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Turnure, the Misses Turnure, Mr. and Mrs. Cooper Hewitt, the Misses Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Rives, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. De Forrest, Mr. and Mrs. Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Rives, Mr. and Mrs. William Douglass Sloane, Colonel and Mrs. J. Lyon Gardiner, Mrs. William Morgan, Miss Juliet Morgan, Miss Geraldine Morgan, Miss Lillian Fish, Miss Coralie L. Gardiner, Miss Hilliam Fish, Miss Coralie L. Gardiner, Miss Fiora Davis, Miss Etna Post, Miss Beatrice Chapman, Miss Bessie Delafield, Miss Beatrice Chapman, Miss Etne Forbes-Leith, Miss Grace Wilson, Miss Louise Ireland, Miss Floyd-Jones, Miss Wetmore, Miss Bowers Lee, Messres, John Macob Astor, Langdon Erving, Worthington Whitehouse, Augustus C. Gurnee, Brockholst and William Cutting, E. L. Taller, Rawlings Cottenet, Tomple Rowdoin, M. A. Wilks, Center Hitchoock, Audrey S. Carhart, Julian Potter, J. W. Gerard, Elisha Dyer, Jr., and Robert Hargous.

Mrs. Augustus Kountze, No. 288 Madison avenue, gave a large reception yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Ella Deitz Clymer, president of Sorosis, gave a reading last evening for the "Little Mothers" at No. 305 East Seventeenth street. A lavender tea will be given by Mrs. A. C. Van

Brunt and Mrs. A. T. J. Rice for the benefit of St.

Luke's Home for Aged Women, Eighty-ninth street and Madison avenue, on Saturday, March 7, from three until six o'clock.

CRAM-WIMAN. Miss Martha Theresa Wiman, second daughter of Erastus Wiman, of Staten Island, was married to Jacob Cram, son of the late Clarence Cram, yester-

day afternoon. The ceremony was performed at four o'clock in Christ Church, Staten Island, by the Rev. Arch deacon Johnson, assisted by the Rev. George Rainsford, rector of St. George's Church, New York. The church was beautifully trimmed with tulips

and roses, white and pink and gold colored. The

pews down the centre aisle were trimmed with banks of Roman hyaginths, forming bands of white flowers instead of the white ribbons generally used.

The groom awaited the bride at the altar with his best man, Mortimer Weyburn, of New York, his cousin. The ushers were Creighton Webb, Walter Webb, Harry Dun Wiman, of Lynchburg, Va.; Frank Wiman, William Churchill, William Butterworth, William Watson, William Churchill, Ilandolph St. George Walker, Townsend McKeever and William

George Walker, Townsend McKeever and William Bush. They were diamond and pearl scarfplins, the gift of the groom.

Miss Ada Monham, the bride's lifeleng friend, was maid of honor. She was gowned in violet colored chiffon, looped with violets. Violets wreathed her soft, brown hair, and she carried the fragment navole blossoms.

wreathed her soft, brown hair, and she carried the fragrant purple blossoms.

The bridesmaids were Miss Ethel and Miss Henrietta Cram, sisters of the groom: Miss Mary Taintor, of Staten Island; Miss Katharine Deere, Moline, Ill.; Miss Eleanor Bridgiand, Toronto, and Miss Helen McDonaid, Halifax, N. s. They wore Louis Seize jackets of figured satin over skirts of white chiffon, looped with bunches of violety and were wreathed in violets. Their white tule hate had crowns of violet velvet and were wreathed in violets. They carried English violets and wore the bride's unique gift, gold hat pins, with heads of enamelied violets set with diamonds.

violets and were the order's unique Bit, goid her pins, with heads of enanielled violets set with diamonds.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore an exquisitely simple gown of white satin, trimmed with deep flounces of point lace, caught in restoons with bunches of white violets. The fulle veil was fastaned by a wreath of orange blossoms. She carried white violets and like. The corsage was made V shaped and filled with point lace. The groom's gift, a magnificent dramond crescent, caught the lace at her throat and was her only jewel.

A large reception followed the ceremony at the bride's home, "Tantalion." The young couple stood under a ring of white reses framed in a window of exquisite stained glass, behind which electric lights gleamed. The house was trimmed with orchids and roses in profusion. Kiunder Company decorated and Sherry served.

Mrs. Wiman received her guests in a gown of gray and old rose satin. Among those present were Dr. and Mrs. Seward Webb, Miss Miss Carrie Fraser, Miss Josephine Hotektiss and her fance, Waldron Williams, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Dun, J. Sargent Cram, Mrs. Henry A. Cram, Mrs. Walter A. Webb, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Harper, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. John H. Smith, Buffally, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Lovett, Chicago; Samuel Wagner, Philadelphia, and Captain and Mrs. Treat, Governor's Island.

M'CREADY—BORROWE.

M'CREADY-BORROWE

Grace Church was filled with a fashionable throng yesterday afternoon, which had assembled to witness the marriage of Miss Jeanne Borrowe voungest daughter of Samuel Borrowe, and Nathaniel L. McCready.

Rishop Potter, assisted by the Rev. Dr. William R. Huntington, performed the ceremony, which was an unusually interesting one. The bride, who belongs to one of the oldest of

New York families, was gowned in white satin, lavishly trimmed with old point lace which had been worn by many generations of brides in the Berrowe family. Her vail, also a family hericom, was held by a diamond tiara, the gift of the groom.

The bridesmaids were Alias Ellie Beetman Borsow, aster of the bride; Miss Jane Campbell and Miss Lina Post. They were gowned in white faille, cut with short trains and edged with narrow sliver trimming. They were rescent shaped yearl pins, presented by the bride.

The ushers were Elisha Dyer, Jr.; Richard S. Wilson, Jr.; Heyward H. McAllister, son of Ward McAllister: Arthur Turubull, Robert K. Prentics and Hallette A. Borrove, brother of the bride.

The best man was Mr. Stockton Beskman Colt.
A reception at the home of the bride's parents, No. 23 West Seventsenth street, followed the ceremony. worn by many generations of brides in the Berrowe

No. 23 West Seventeenth street, followed the ceremony.

The bridal couple received the congravulations of their friends under a a canopy made entirely of Hiles of the valley.

Some of the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Goolet, Mr. and Mrs. William C. Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. William Watts Sherman, Colonel and Mrs. S. Van Rensselser Criger, Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. James Hude Beekman, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander S. Webb, Ward McAillister, Mr. and Mrs. Selhott Rossevelt, Mr. and Mrs. George R. Selheffelln, Mr. and Mrs. J. Broce Ismay, Mr. and Mrs. Hereferick Rhinelander Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Harry McVickar, Mr. and Mrs. In bert Winthrop, Mrs. Afran Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Hunt, Mr. and Mrs. De Lancey Kane and Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Brice.

wedded to Harrison Burtls Moore, Jr., the cere-mony being performed by the rector of the church, Rev. Dr. E. Valpolo Warren,

Rev. Dr. E. Vanpole Warren.

The maid of honor was Miss Hattie Mayer and the bridesmaids were Miss Etta Moore, sister of the groom; Miss Daisy Files, Miss Clara Williams and Miss Florence Rives.

The ushers were George W. Piper, Louis C. Connelly, John G. Foord, T. C. Dougherty, James Dougherty and John Moore, brother of the groom. Austin E. Alien was the best man.

WHAR ON-LAY.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10, 1891 .- William F. Wharton, First Assistant Secretary of State, and Miss Susan C. Lay, daughter of Mr. Richard G. Lay, United States Consul General to Canada, were married this afternoon, at two o'clock, at the residence of the bride's aunt, Miss Hobson. Rev. Dr. McKim, rector of the Church of the Epiphany, officiated.

On the side of the bride's family the company witnessing the nuntials comprised her mother, her brother, Mr. Julius Lay, and her sister, Miss Fanny Lay; General and Mrs. Berden, Mr. and Mrs. R. G-Lay, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Everett, the Misses Everett, Vice President Morton, who is an uncle of the bride; Mrs. Morton and the Misses Morton, Mrs. Street, Mrs. Morton's mother, and Mr. and Mrs. William J. Steel, of New York.

The relatives of the groom present were Mrs. and Miss Wharton, of Boston, his mother and sister, and Mr. and Mrs. James Wadsworth, the latter his

cousin.

The only others present were Secretary and Mrs. Blaine and Colonel and Mrs. A. Hopkins.

The ceremony took place in the front drawing room under a floral canopy erected in the bay window. There were neither ushers nor bridesmalds.

MILLER-DANFORTH

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 10, 1891,-The marriage of Miss Jessie A. Danforth, daughter of Judge George F. Banforth, to Mr. Charles E. Miller, of New York, took place at noon to-day at Judge Danforth's rosi-dence in this city.

Mr. Miller is a well known lawyer in New York with the firm of Miller & Wells and a trustee of the Mutual Life Insurance Company.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

HERALD WEATHER FORECASTS.-The small "cold wave" now overlying the lake region will carry freezing temperature as far south as North Carolina, but for a few hours only, with a minimum of about 15 degrees Fahrenheit in the upper Hudson Valley. A storm will probably form in Texas to-day and move northeast to-morrow toward the Ohio Valley, causing rain and snow in this section by Thursday night. Temperature fell in the United States yesterday. The chief minimum reported was 14 degrees below zero, Fahr., at St. Paul, Minn.; the chief maximum 72 degrees, at Jacksonville, Fla.

IN THIS CITY AND SUBURBAN DISTRICTS TO-DAY & CLEAR, SLIGHTLY COLDER WEATHER AND FRESH NORTH-WESTERLY AND WESTERLY WINDS WILL PROBABLY PRE-VAIL, FOLLOWED BY NEABLY STATIONABY OR SLIGHTLY

In the Middle States to day clear, elightly colder weather and fresh northwesterly to westerly winds will prevail, winds becoming southerly in the western portions of the section, followed by slightly higher temperature. In New England to-day colder, clear weather will prevail, with brisk to fresh westerly winds. On Thursday, in this city and section and in New England warmer, fair to partly cloudy weather will probably prevail, with fresh, somewhat variable winds, becoming southerly and easterly, followed by increasing cloudiness and by rain and snow, with the passage at night of a storm centre, and on Friday partly cloudy weather. preceded by rain or snow and followed by clearing. European steamers now leaving New York will have mostly fair weather and fresh westerly to southwesterly breezes to the Banks.

A WARNING. To-day Lent begins, Repent of your sins, And put on your sackcloth and ashes; No more routs nor balls, Nor afternoon calls,

Nor cutting of startling dashes.

TO GIVE UP. Ethel-What are you going to give up in Lent? Maud-Well, if I don't get a chance to rest before Lent comes I think I shall give up the ghost. A DEFINITION.

A hypocrite is a man who has beaten you at your own game during the week and who prays on Sunday just as though nothing had happened.



A HEAUTIFUL DINNER DEEDS

The above handsome dinner toilstie is entirely made of black tulle. The corsage is draped around the waist, as shown' in the cut, and fastened at the shoulders by large pipings of talle. The bottom of the skirt is draped with tulle. A POINT FOR CROAKERS.

Nine hundred sinuers plunged headlong into hell, But one poor saint was tempted, and he fell, And lo! nine hundred sinners shouted forth in gladness. Mr. Stephen Harding, who was Governor

of Utah under Lincoln's administration, is dying

at Milan, Ind. He was an original free soiler, was

a federal judge in Colorado after having been Gov ernor of Utah, and was prominent in Indiana politics. He has been totally blind several years. THE SEASON OVER. Chollie (singing)—How can I leave thee? Ethel (coldly)—The front door is still doing busi-

ness at the old stand. Try that. PRIOR TO PENANCE He (on his knees)-Miss Watelong-Edith-fam too full to speak. I-

She (anxiously)-Go on, Mr. Bullion. Do not wait until you sober up. VALUABLE OBJECT LESSON ON ETHNOLOGY. It is a curious fact that the moment a river freezes people are seized with a wild desire to cross it on the lec. This passion comes from our pre historic ancestors, who had no bridges and were accustomed to walking over the frozen surface of rivera.—European Edition Herald.

SERMONETTE ON THE DEVIL When the friends of a young girl who can recite "Curfew" and like pieces in a "hair graying" way advise her to go on the stage the devil just stands

around and feels happy. A GREAT FIELD. City Parson-I have been appointed missionary to

the heathen and ----Chorus of Parishioners-You are not going to leave us, are you? City Parson-No; they told me tostay just where

I was.

Mr. Richard Smith, of Cheinnati, and and Mrs. Cornelius Vandachilit, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander S. Webb, Ward McAllister, Mr. and Mrs. Elliott Rossevelt, Mr. and Mrs. George R. Schleffellin, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bruce Ismay, Mr. and Mrs. Schleffellin, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bruce Ismay, Mr. and Mrs. Hughitt, Mr. William C. Goudy and Mr. Viotor F. Webbert Winthrop, Mrs. Fran Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Hunt. Mr. and Mrs. De Laucey Kane and Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Loyd Brice.

MOORE—KING.

At the Church of the Holy Trinity last evening Miss Helen E. King, daughter of Mrs. E. King, was